Cytotoxic Activities of Endophytic Fungi Isolated from the Endangered, Chinese Endemic Species Dysosma pleiantha

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* Author for correspondence and reprint requests Z. Naturforsch. **64c**, 518–520 (2009); received April 3/May 6, 2009 Eleven strains of endophytic fungi which habitat in an endangered, Chinese endemic medicinal plant, Dysosma pleiantha (Hance) Woodson, were isolated and tested for their cytotoxic activity using the brine shrimp lethality bioassay. Six isolates were found to exhibit some cytotoxic activity. Extracts of F1273, F1276, and F1280, which were identified as

Trichoderma citrinoviride, Chaetomium globosum and Ascomycete sp., in particular, showed most potent activity with LC₅₀ values of 4.86, 7.71, and 14.88 µg/ml, respectively. These results indicate that endophytic fungi of Dysosma pleiantha could be a promising source for antitumour agents. Key words: Dysosma pleiantha, Endophytic Fungi, Brine Shrimp, Cytotoxicity